

Exam exercise for Module 4: A model for a DC-motor



The purpose of this exam question is to provide a model for how the velocity of a DC-motor depends on the input voltage. For this, data was collected from an experiment. Input-output data are recorded in the data set below. The first column is the input voltage (V) and the second column is the motor velocity (rad/s). The sampling time is 0.01 s. A linear regression with ARMA noise should be obtained.

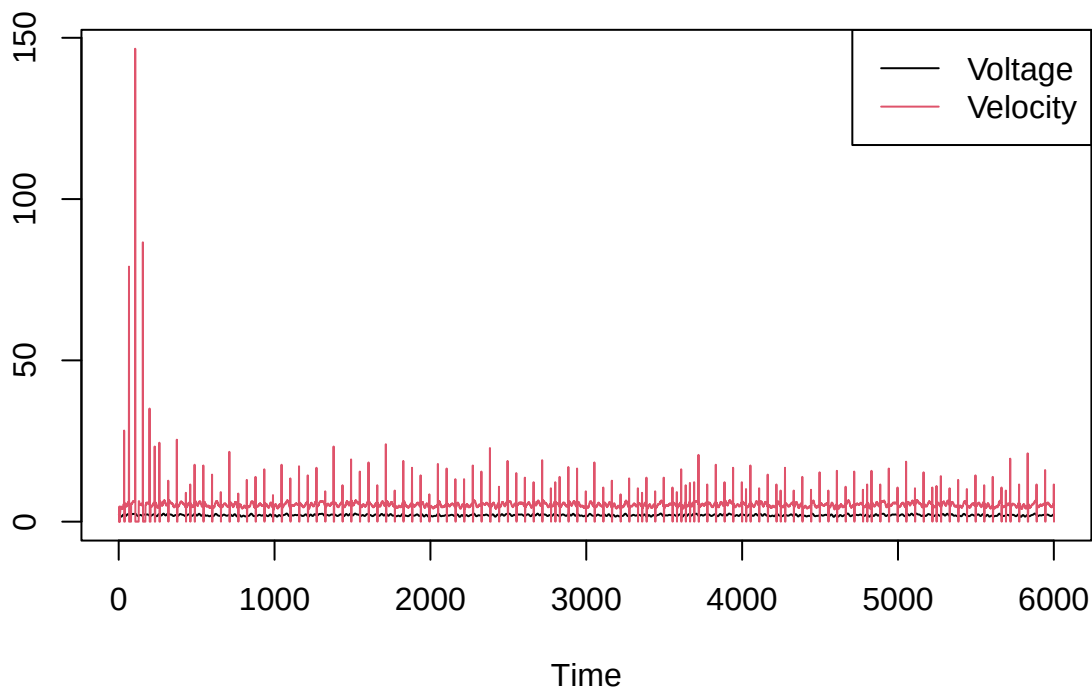
Viewing and cleaning data

- Load the data into R:

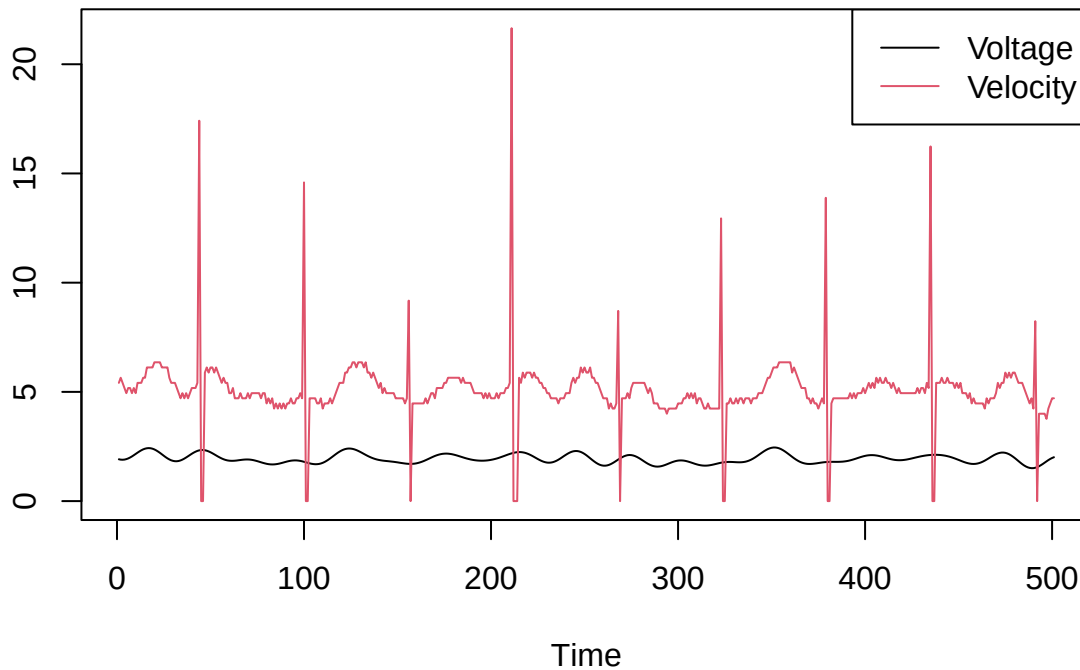
```
dat = as.ts(read.table("https://asta.math.aau.dk/datasets?file=dcmotor.txt"),  
             colnames=c("Voltage", "Velocity"))
```

1. Start by plotting the data (both input and output). You may want to zoom in on a part to get a better view.

```
ts.plot(dat,col=1:2); legend("topright",legend=c("Voltage", "Velocity"),col=1:2,lty=1)
```

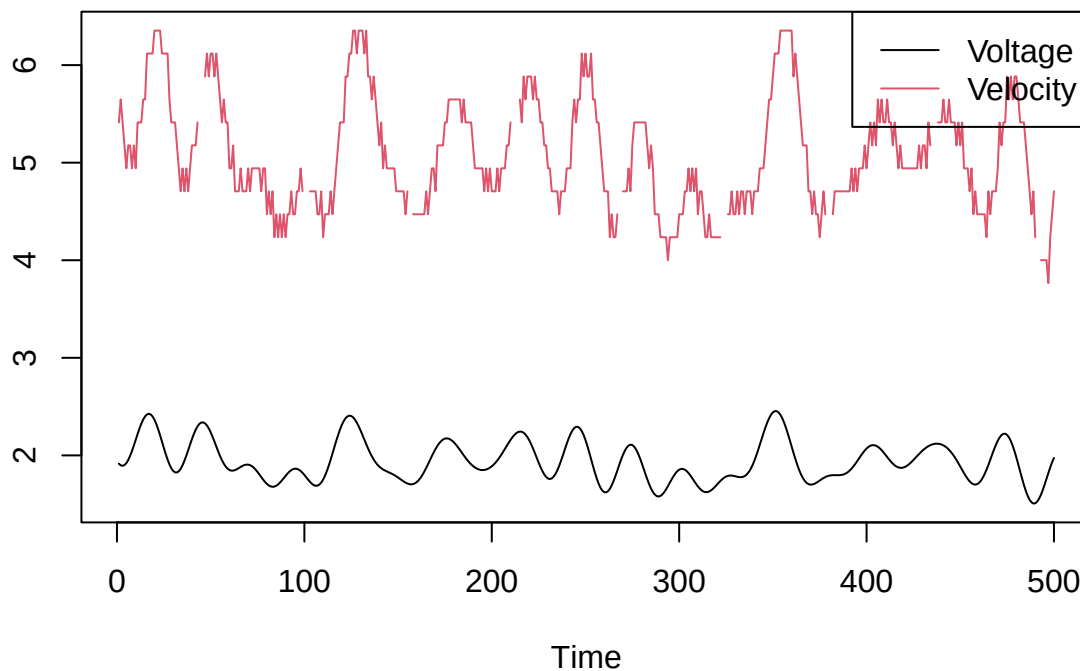


```
ts.plot(dat[500:1000,],col=1:2); legend("topright",legend=c("Voltage","Velocity"),col=1:2,lty=1)
```



2. It should be obvious that the output data is subject to noise (especially in the beginning) and a regularly repeating unknown disturbance. Choose a part of the data that sounds reasonable for obtaining the model. For example, here is a part of the data with the first 500 measurements removed, and all measurements outside the interval $[3, 7]$ removed.

```
dat1 = dat[500:6001,] # removing start
dat1[dat1[,2]<3|dat1[,2]>7,2]=NA # exchanging velocity outliers outside interval [3,7] with NA
ts.plot(dat1[1:500,],col=1:2); legend("topright",legend=c("Voltage","Velocity"),col=1:2,lty=1)
```



A linear regression model with ARMA noise

3. Use the cross-correlation function to detect the delay between the input and output (NA values can be handled in the ccf as well as the acf by using the option `na.action=na.pass`).
 - Explain the cross-correlation function.
4. Fit a linear regression model with AR(1) noise for the output using the input as exogenous variable (adjust for the delay using the `lag()` function in R). What is the autocorrelation function for the noise process in this model?
5. Check whether the AR(1) model fits the data by considering the residuals.
 - Use a time series plot of the residuals as well as a correlogram.
 - Explain what you expect to see if your model is correct.
6. Fit a linear regression model with ARMA(p,q) noise for different choices of p and q. Compare the models using AIC and pick the preferred model (if you get a warning message, try using the option `optim.control=list(maxit = 1000)`).
7. Check whether the chosen model fits the data by considering the correlogram for the residuals.
 - If the model does not fit well you may consider returning to the previous step and increase the order of the ARMA(p,q) model up to $p \leq 3$ and $q \leq 3$ to see if you can get a model that fits better.
8. When you have a model that fits the data, write out the model and interpret the estimated parameters.
9. Make a confidence interval for the slope of the regression.
10. Suppose the next value of the voltage is 2.23. Predict the next observation of velocity and make a confidence interval for the prediction.