Exam D

You can download the combined lecture notes for this module at: https://asta.math.aau.dk/course/asta/2018-2/cph-bbio/lecture/4-exam?file=D/module-D.pdf

In this exercise you will study a dataset concerning vital capacity, which is the maximal amount of air that can be exhaled after a maximal inhalation.

Read in the data:

```
vitcap <- read.delim("http://asta.math.aau.dk/dan/static/datasets?file=vitcap.txt")
head(vitcap)</pre>
```

```
##
    exposure age vital.capacity z1 z2
## 1
           C 39
                          4.62 0
## 2
           C 40
                          5.29 0 1
## 3
           C 41
                          5.52 0 1
           C 41
## 4
                          3.71 0 1
## 5
           C 45
                          4.02 0 1
## 6
           С
              49
                          5.09 0 1
```

In the dataset, the variable vital.capacity has been measured on 84 workers in the cadmium industry.

The next variable is the factor exposure with 3 levels, indicating the level of cadmium exposure:

- A: None
- B: Less than 10 years
- C: More than 10 years

The data set also contains dummy variables for the factor exposure:

- z1=1 if exposure=B and 0 otherwise.
- z2=1 if exposure=C and 0 otherwise.

You will use these two variables later on.

Make a model and carry out an analysis investigating the effect of the factor exposure on the response vital.capacity. In that connection you should calculate/interpret the F-test for no effect of exposure.

We expand the analysis to include the workers age - the variable age - as a predictor.

Make a model and carry out an analysis investigating the effect of the predictors exposure and age on the response vital.capacity. In that connection you should:

- investigate whether there is interaction between the effects of exposure and age
- give a graphical interpretation of such an interaction

Consider the following two models, where we introduce the dummy variables.

```
model1 <- lm(vital.capacity ~ age*z2, data = vitcap)
model2 <- lm(vital.capacity ~ age*z1 + age*z2, data = vitcap)</pre>
```

- Use an F-test to show that there is no significant difference between model1 and model2.
- Give an interpretation of the difference between the two models.